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Dear Friends:

I would like to take this opportunity to inform you about some of the issues facing legislators as we begin the 114th Indiana General Assembly in January. The fourmonth long session, by law, must adjourn on or before April 29, 2005. During that time, lawmakers will consider hundreds of proposals and make public policy decisions that will affect Indiana and its citizens for the next several years.

How to properly fund public schools, provide relief for Hoosiers most affected by rising health care costs, enhance economic development initiatives, continue efforts to retrain our workforce and create more jobs are just a few of the issues to be considered as we work together to make Indiana an even better place to live, work and raise our families.

Crafting a new state budget for the next two fiscal years will top the legislative agenda. Although we have managed to maintain solid reserves throughout the national recession, the state is facing a gap between expected spending and projected revenues. The key to managing the budget will be to cut spending by finding new efficiencies, consolidating agencies and eliminating ineffective programs. It is also vitally important that we protect services and funding for education, or Indiana will begin to lose its ability to develop economically and grow our way out of the current fiscal situation.

I would like to request your input on the enclosed survey, which deals with legislation likely to be considered. I hope you will take time to complete the survey online or return it to me by mail. Once all responses have been tallied, you will receive the survey results.

Additionally, you will find information on how to get involved and stay informed. Subscribe to receive my legislative updates online or return the form on the back page to receive them by mail. Log on to the General Assembly's web site at www.in.gov/legislative/ to obtain full bill texts and committee hearing information. You can also contact me for legislative information or if you are experiencing any problems with which I can be of assistance.

As your State Senator, it is my job to communicate to the General Assembly the issues that matter most to the citizens of Senate District 26. Most of the bills that become law will in some way affect all of us, our families and our communities. Please contact me by phone, mail or email, and let me know your thoughts and concerns. The legislative process works best when citizens get involved. I look forward to hearing from you.

Wishing you a healthy and prosperous New Year,

allie V. Craywoft

Unfunded federal mandates

Costs of federal programs could shift to states

In these tight fiscal times, a major concern facing state legislators is the possibility of more federal mandates that shift additional costs to state and local units of government. The National Conference of State Legislatures released a study last March reporting that states have been confronted with \$29 billion in cost shifts. This figure is projected to increase to nearly \$34 billion in 2005.

Examples of under-funded programs include the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB) and the Help America Vote Act

Serve as a Senate Page!

Students ages 12 to 18 may apply now to serve as Pages while the Legislature is in session January 4 - April 29. This day off school is considered an excused absence.



Students interested in serving in the State Senate should contact my office to apply. Write to me at 200 W. Washington Street, Indianapolis, IN 46204, send emails to \$\frac{\text{S26@in.gov}}{\text{got}}\$ or call toll-free \$00-382-9467 and ask for ext. 2-9534.

(HAVA). I am very concerned that the federal government will continue to shift the costs of these programs to the states. Indiana's funding shortfall from the federal government is estimated to be \$480 million just for 2004. If the state had received adequate program funding over the past several years, it would not be facing a budget gap today.

IDEA was created in 1975 to provide every special education student with an additional 40 percent of the cost of general education students. The program was to be fully funded by 1982, but states never received their full allocations. In 2002, Indiana should have received a total of \$420.4 million for special education students, but only \$171 million was dispersed. To make up for the lost funding, the state and local school districts scrambled to find millions in lost revenue to provide the programs required for special education students.

These "Catch 22" cost shifts are contributing to our state's fiscal problems and are an unrealistic expectation. It is time for state and local officials to band together to halt Congress' renewed push for more state mandates.

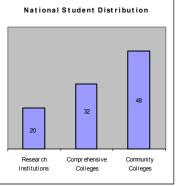
Addressing the rising costs of higher education

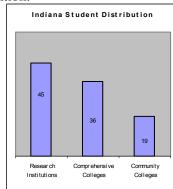
Last summer, the Task Force on College Affordability began studying the rising costs of a college education and making policy recommendations to ensure that college remains an option for all Hoosiers. Increased tuition stems from many sources such as higher student enrollment and economic problems, but this complicated issue must be pursued to safeguard affordable education.

The Task Force highlighted structural issues to help address education costs. Enrollment in Indiana higher educational institutions differs from the national distribution of students attending research institutions (e.g. Indiana and Purdue Universities), comprehensive colleges (e.g. Ball State University) and community colleges (e.g. Ivy Tech). Indiana tends to educate the majority of its students in the more expensive major research institutions, but many students might be better served by attending a comprehensive or community college. The challenge is for community and comprehensive colleges to absorb additional students at a reasonable cost.

Indiana can take further action by providing incentives to colleges that graduate students within four years, instead of placing significance on enrollment. Students often take more than four years to complete their degrees for many reasons, which drives up the costs.

These are a few actions the General Assembly must consider to address lowering college costs. My hope is we will be able to enact legislation that will enable more Hoosiers to afford quality higher education.





PLEASE COMPLETE, DETACH HERE, FOLD, ADD POSTAGE, & RETURN.

2005 Legislative Survey

Feel free to have another family member respond to questions in column #2.

	You may also complete this survey on-line at www.in.gov/s26	R	esponden #1	t	Respondent #2
1.	Should Indiana join several other states in a new drug-import program to make cheaper prescription drugs available from Canada and Europe, despite a federal ban on the imports?	1.	Support Oppose		Support Oppose O
2.	Currently, 15 of Indiana's 92 counties observe daylight-saving time during the spring and summer months. This does <u>not</u> include Delaware and Madison counties. Would you support legislation to require that the entire state observe daylight-saving time as proposed by Governor-elect Daniels?	2.	Support Oppose		Support Oppose
3.	Should the General Assembly approve legislation to authorize video gambling machines at Indiana's horse racetracks and off-track betting facilities to support the struggling horse racing industry?	3.	Support Oppose		Support Oppose
4.	Would you support legislation to authorize the use of public funding to provide vouchers for children to attend private schools?	4.	Support Oppose		Support Oppose
5.	The Indiana Statewide Testing for Educational Progress-Plus (ISTEP+) test is currently given in the fall to students in Grades 3, 6, 8 and 10 to allow teachers to address what students need to learn. Some believe the test should be moved to the spring as a measure of what students have learned. Opponents feel this leaves little time for student improvements. Would you support legislation to move the ISTEP+ test to the spring?	5.	Support Oppose		Support Oppose O
6.	Do you support amending the Indiana State Constitution to include language that would clearly define marriage as a union between a man and a woman, even though this language already exists in current Indiana state law (Indiana Code 31-11-1-1)?	6.	Support Oppose		Support Oppose
7.	Legislators approved the creation of charter schools in 2002, which provides another public school option. Currently, Indiana has 25 charters in operation serving nearly 3,000 students. Do you support further expansion of the program?	7.	Support Oppose		Support Oppose
Additional Comments:					
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Thank you very much for taking the time to complete this survey. Your opinions are very important to me!



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To keep you up-to-date on the many issues being considered by the Indiana General Assembly, I will be distributing brief updates discussing the challenges we face here in Indiana. If you are interested in receiving these periodic updates, please check the appropriate box.

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Craycraft '05 Legislative Survey Response